CITY OF ST. MARY, MISSOURI St. Mary, Missouri

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

BEUSSINK, HEY, ROE & STRODER, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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BEUSSINK, HEY, ROE & STRODER, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of St. Mary, Missouri

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of St. Mary, Missouri, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the

reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of St. Mary, Missouri, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of St. Mary, Missouri's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedules of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Contributions have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2018, on our consideration of the City of St. Mary, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of St. Mary, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BEUSSINK, HEY, ROE & STRODER, L.L.C.

Beussink, Hey, Roe & Strocles, L.L.C.

Cape Girardeau, Missouri January 10, 2018

BEUSSINK, HEY, ROE & STRODER, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of St. Mary, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of St. Mary, Missouri, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of St. Mary, Missouri's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of St. Mary, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Mary, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Mary, Missouri's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2017-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of St. Mary, Missouri's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of St. Mary, Missouri's Response to Finding

City of St. Mary, Missouri's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. City of St. Mary, Missouri's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BEUSSINK, HEY, ROE & STRODER, L.L.C.

Brussink, Hey, Roe & Strodes, L.L.C.

Cape Girardeau, Missouri January 10, 2018

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT 1

CITY OF ST. MARY, MISSOURI

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -MODIFIED CASH BASIS

September 30, 2017

		ernmental		siness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash	\$	110,494	\$	5,649	\$ 116,143
Restricted Cash		-		353,084	353,084
Internal Balances		(846)		846	
Total Current Assets	<u>\$</u>	109,648	\$	359,579	\$ 469,227
CAPITAL ASSETS:					
Land	\$	33,500	\$	27,467	\$ 60,967
Buildings, Equipment, and Vehicles, Net		251,056		187,543	438,599
Roads and Bridges, Net		95,158		-	95,158
Water and Sewer System, Net		-		2,641,696	2,641,696
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	379,714	\$	2,856,706	\$ 3,236,420
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	489,362	\$	3,216,285	<u>\$ 3,705,647</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Payroll Withholdings	\$	2,057	\$	1,104	\$ 3,161
Due to Others	Ŷ	6,047	Ψ	-	6,047
Customer Deposits Payable		-		3,892	3,892
Revenue Bonds Payable		-		16,494	16,494
Total Current Liabilities	\$	8,104	\$	21,490	\$ 29,594
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:					
Long-Term Debt Net of Current Portion:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	-	\$	770,569	\$ 770,569
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	-	\$	770,569	\$ 770,569
	Ψ				<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	8,104	\$	792,059	\$ 800,163
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	379,714	\$	2,069,643	\$ 2,449,357
Restricted For:					
Transportation		16,132		_	16,132
Debt Service		10,152		131,339	131,339
		-			
Capital Projects		-		213,693	213,693
Deposits Uncertainty d		-		8,052	8,052
Unrestricted		85,412		1,499	86,911
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>	481,258	\$	2,424,226	\$ 2,905,484

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES -MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Year Ended September 30, 2017

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and							
			Fees and Operating Capital				C	hange	in Net Positi	on				
				harges for		rants and		ints and		vernmental		iness-Type		
	E	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Cont	ributions		Activities	A	ctivities		Total
Governmental Activities:														
General Government	\$	75,706	\$	3,814	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(71,892)	\$	-	\$	(71,892)
Cemetery		2,817		-		-		-		(2,817)		-		(2,817)
Park		3,371		-		-		-		(3,371)		-		(3,371)
Street		48,858		-		-		-		(48,858)		-		(48,858)
Public Safety		88,107		23,338		15,519		2,760		(46,490)		-		(46,490)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	218,859	\$	27,152	\$	15,519	\$	2,760	\$	(173,428)	\$		\$	(173,428)
Business-Type Activities:														
Water	\$	164,882	\$	119,701	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(45,181)	\$	(45,181)
Sewer		115,315		92,784		-		-		-		(22,531)		(22,531)
	\$	280,197	\$	212,485	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(67,712)	\$	(67,712)
Total	\$	499,056	\$	239,637	\$	15,519	\$	2,760	\$	(173,428)	\$	(67,712)	\$	(241,140)
	Gener Taxe	al Revenues: es:												
		roperty Taxes							\$	66,102	\$	-	\$	66,102
		lotor Fuel Tax								14,407		-		14,407
	R	ailroad & Utiliti	es Taz	K						3,292		-		3,292
	S	ales and Use Tay	xes							47,174		-		47,174
	Inte	erest Income								592		1,779		2,371
		nations								456		-		456
	Oth	er Income								4,817		6,292		11,109
	Int	ernal Balances								(3,250)		3,250		-
]	Fotal General Re	venue	s					\$	133,590	\$	11,321	\$	144,911
			Ch	ange in Net	Positio	n			\$	(39,838)	\$	(56,391)	\$	(96,229)
	Not D	osition Ostabor		-										
	INCL P	osition - October	1, 20	10						521,096		2,480,617		3,001,713
	Net Po	osition - Septeml	oer 30	, 2017					\$	481,258	\$	2,424,226	\$	2,905,484

STATEMENT 3

CITY OF ST. MARY, MISSOURI

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As of September 30, 2017

ASSETS	 General Fund
<u>CURRENT ASSETS</u> : Cash	\$ 110,494
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 110,494
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	
LIABILITIES:	
Payroll Withholdings	\$ 2,057
Due to Other Funds	846
Due to Others	 6,047
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,950
FUND BALANCES:	
Restricted	\$ 16,132
Unassigned	 85,412
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 101,544
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND	
BALANCES	\$ 110,494

STATEMENT 3-A

CITY OF ST. MARY, MISSOURI

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT <u>OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>

September 30, 2017

Total fund balance - total governmental funds (Statement 3)	\$ 101,544
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet, net of accumulated	
depreciation of \$561,819.	 379,714
Net position of governmental activities (Statement 1)	\$ 481,258

STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN <u>FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		General Fund
REVENUES RECEIVED:		
Taxes	\$	130,975
Licenses and Permits		3,814
Fines and Costs		10,663
Interest		592
Charges for Services		12,675
Grant Revenue		18,279
Donations		456
Other		4,817
TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED	<u>\$</u>	182,271
EXPENDITURES PAID:		
General Government	\$	72,370
Street		31,611
Cemetery		2,519
Park		3,259
Public Safety		79,245
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	\$	189,004
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(6,733)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Operating Transfers In (Out)	\$	(3,250)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	(3,250)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
AND OTHER SOURCES OVER		
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(9,983)
FUND BALANCE, October 1, 2016		111,527
FUND BALANCE, September 30, 2017	\$	101,544

STATEMENT 4-A

CITY OF ST. MARY, MISSOURI

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES PAID, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Net Change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement 4)	\$ (9,983)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives	
as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets expended in the current period.	2,900
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government- wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore,	
depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	 (32,755)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement 2)	\$ (39,838)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2017

		Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash	\$	2,964	\$ 2,685	\$ 5,649
Restricted Cash		102,021	251,063	353,084
Due from Other Funds		423	 423	 846
Total Current Assets	\$	105,408	\$ 254,171	\$ 359,579
CAPITAL ASSETS:				
Land	\$	16,867	\$ 10,600	\$ 27,467
Equipment and Vehicles		125,026	867,226	992,252
Infrastructure		2,639,086	1,209,833	3,848,919
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(717,378)	 (1,294,554)	 (2,011,932)
Net Capital Assets	\$	2,063,601	\$ 793,105	\$ 2,856,706
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,169,009	\$ 1,047,276	\$ 3,216,285
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
CURRENT LIABILITIES :				
Customer Deposits Payable	\$	3,892	\$ -	\$ 3,892
Payroll Liabilities		417	687	1,104
Revenue Bonds Payable		7,551	 8,943	 16,494
Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	11,860	\$ 9,630	\$ 21,490
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES :				
Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Portion:				
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$	363,297	\$ 407,272	\$ 770,569
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	363,297	\$ 407,272	\$ 770,569
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	375,157	\$ 416,902	\$ 792,059
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,692,753	\$ 376,890	\$ 2,069,643
Restricted For:				
Debt Service		19,357	111,982	131,339
Deposits		8,052	-	8,052
Capital Projects		74,612	139,081	213,693
Unrestricted		(922)	 2,421	 1,499
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,793,852	\$ 630,374	\$ 2,424,226

STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENSES PAID, AND CHANGES IN <u>NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u>

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		ater and ver System Fund		Sewer Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED :						
Water Sales	\$	119,701	\$	-	\$	119,701
Sewer Fees		-		92,784		92,784
Miscellaneous		6,292				6,292
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED	\$	125,993	\$	92,784	\$	218,777
OPERATING EXPENSES PAID :						
Bank Charges	\$	-	\$	91	\$	91
Fees		631		530		1,161
Gasoline, Oil, and Fuel		873		746		1,619
Insurance		8,768		4,401		13,169
Capital Outlay		2,652		6,633		9,285
Miscellaneous		3,848		-		3,848
Office Supplies and Postage		280		108		388
Professional Services		1,300		4,477		5,777
Repairs and Maintenance		7,638		5,833		13,471
Salaries and Payroll Taxes		25,114		21,381		46,495
Supplies		1,459		1,203		2,662
Taxes and Licenses		1,294		-		1,294
Utilities		38,837		17,203		56,040
Testing		1,163		3,588		4,751
Depreciation		56,033		37,029		93,062
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES PAID	\$	149,890	\$	103,223	\$	253,113
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(23,897)	\$	(10,439)	\$	(34,336)
NONOPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED (EXPENSES PAID):						
Interest Income	\$	96	\$	1,683	\$	1,779
Interest Expense	Ŧ	(14,992)	Ŧ	(12,092)	Ŧ	(27,084)
Transfers		(7,971)		11,221		3,250
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES RECEIVED		(,,,,,)		11,221		0,200
(EXPENSES PAID)	\$	(22,867)	\$	812	\$	(22,055)
	Ψ	(22,007)	Ψ	012	Ψ	(22,055)
CHANGE IN NET POSITON	\$	(46,764)	\$	(9,627)	\$	(56,391)
NET POSITION, October 1, 2016		1,840,616		640,001		2,480,617
NET POSITION, September 30, 2017	\$	1,793,852	\$	630,374	\$	2,424,226

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Payments to Employees Receipt of Customer Utility Deposits	\$ 119,701 (68,743) (25,114) (815)	\$ 92,784 (44,813) (21,381)	\$ 212,485 (113,556) (46,495) (815)
Other Cash Receipts NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6,292 \$ 31,321	\$ 26,590	6,292 \$ 57,911
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Operating Transfers from (to) Other Funds NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ (7,971) \$ (7,971)	\$ 11,221 \$ 11,221	\$ 3,250 \$ 3,250
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Retirement of Debt Interest Expense NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ (7,256) (14,992) \$ (22,248)	\$ (8,692) (12,092) \$ (20,784)	\$ (15,948) (27,084) \$ (43,032)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest on cash	<u>\$ 96</u>	<u>\$ 1,683</u>	<u>\$ 1,779</u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH	\$ 1,198	\$ 18,710	\$ 19,908
CASH, October 1, 2016	103,787	235,038	338,825
CASH, September 30, 2017	\$ 104,985	\$ 253,748	\$ 358,733
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ (23,897)	\$ (10,439)	\$ (34,336)
Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	56,033	37,029	93,062
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(815) \$ 31,321	\$ 26,590	(815) \$ 57,911

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2017

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

As discussed further in Note 1.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity:

The City of St. Mary is an incorporated city in the State of Missouri in which the citizens elect the Mayor and Board of Alderman. The accompanying financial statements present the City's primary governments over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City – as distinct from legal relationships.

There are no component units of the City of St. Mary in the September 30, 2017 statements.

B. Basis of Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The City presently has no fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Proprietary Fund Types

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise Funds are used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following Enterprise Funds that are reported as major funds:

Fund	Description
Water Fund	Accounts for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the City's water utility facilities and services.
Sewer Fund	Accounts for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the City's sanitary sewer utility facilities and services.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item 2 below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statement and the proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Capital Assets

The City's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

<u>Government-Wide Statements</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost. Prior to October 1, 2013, the governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since October 1, 2003 are recorded at cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position.

Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straightline method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$2,500 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings and Leasehold Improvement	5-50 years
Equipment and Vehicles	5-7 years
Infrastructure	50 years

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

Equity Classification

<u>Government-Wide Statements</u> – Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted resources prior to the use of unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and Unassigned Fund Balance. Below are definitions of the differences and a reconciliation of how these balances are reported.

1. Nonspendable Fund Balance

The Nonspendable Fund Balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. Due to the modified cash basis nature of the City all such items are expensed at the time of purchase, so there is nothing to report for this classification.

2. Restricted Fund Balance

The Restricted Fund Balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Things such as restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. 3. Committed Fund Balance

The Committed Fund Balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Aldermen). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

The Board of Aldermen commits fund balance by making motions or passing resolutions to adopt policy or to approve contracts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

4. Assigned Fund Balance

The Assigned Fund Balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted or committed. Intent may be expressed by the Board of Aldermen.

5. Unassigned Fund Balance

The Unassigned Fund Balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The City Board of Alderman establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for a specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Unrestricted net position for proprietary funds represent the net position available for future operations or distributions.

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>:

Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities – modified cash basis, revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government	Licenses and permits, charges for services, and capital contributions.
Public Safety	Court fines and capital grants.

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Operating Revenue and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for the proprietary fund result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

F. Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities:

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans Amounts provided with a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund receivables and payables.
- 2. Interfund services Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 3. Interfund reimbursements Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 4. Interfund transfers Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

1. Internal balances – Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.

2. Internal activities – Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers-Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Property Tax:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable on or before January 1 of the following year. All unpaid taxes become delinquent January 1 of the following year. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. Property tax revenues are recognized when received.

I. <u>Budgetary Information</u>:

An annual budget prepared under the modified cash basis of accounting was adopted on September 8, 2016. Any increase in appropriations during the fiscal year must be approved by the City Board. During the current budget year, the budget was amended on September 14, 2017. Any remaining appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end.

J. Subsequent Events:

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 10, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. <u>DEPOSITS</u>

The City maintains at least one separate cash account for each fund. Each fund type's cash is displayed on the combined statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from cash transactions as "Cash" under each fund's caption. The City has no formal policy governing the types of accounts allowable for the City's deposits but through experience the City has found that checking accounts and certificates of deposit meet their needs. At September 30, 2017, the carrying value of the City's deposits was \$469,227, and the bank balance was \$471,861.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2017, there was no exposure to custodial credit risk.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 was as follows:

Governmental Activities		alance at ctober 1, 2016	Δ	dditions	Deducti	ons	Balance at September 30, 2017
Capital Assets not being Depreciate	ed:	2010	11	duitions	Deddett	0115	2017
Land	<u>\$</u>	33,500	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	<u>\$ 33,500</u>
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	\$	33,500	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ 33,500
Other Capital Assets:			<u>.</u>				<u>. </u>
Buildings and Leasehold Improvements	\$	263,253	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ 263,253
Equipment and Vehicles		296,987		2,900	(10.	(000	289,887
Roads and Bridges		344,892		-0-	(-)	-0-	344,892
Total Other Capital Assets		· · · ·					
at Historical Costs	\$	905,132	<u>\$</u>	2,900	<u>\$(10,</u>	0 <u>00</u>)	<u>\$ 898,032</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation For	r:						
Buildings and Leasehold Improvements	\$	(94,297)	\$	(4,537)	\$	-0-	\$ (98,834)
Equipment and Vehicles		(195,298)		(17,952)	10,0	000	(203,250)
Roads and Bridges		(239,468)		(10,266)	,	-0-	(249,734)
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation	<u>\$</u>	(529,063)	<u>\$</u>	(32,755)	<u>\$ 10,0</u>	000	<u>\$ (551,818</u>)
Other Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	376,069	\$	(29,855)	<u>\$</u>	-0-	<u>\$ 346,214</u>
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$</u>	409,569	<u>\$</u>	(29,855)	\$	-0-	<u>\$ 379,714</u>
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciat	ed:						
Land	\$_	27,467	\$	-0-	<u>\$</u>	-0-	\$ 27,467
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated	<u>\$</u>	27,467	\$	-0-	<u>\$</u>	-0-	<u>\$ 27,467</u>

Governmental Activities

Balance at October 1,	A 11'.'		Balance at September 30,
2016	Additions	Deductions	2017
\$ 2,639,086	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$2,639,086
1,209,833	-0-	-0-	1,209,833
992,252			992,252
\$ 4 841 171	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	<u>\$4,841,171</u>
<u>\$ 4,041,171</u>	$\Psi = 0^{-1}$	<u>φ -0-</u>	<u>φ+,0+1,1/1</u>
:			
\$ (579,754)	\$ (53,539)	\$ -0-	\$ (633,293)
(549,659)	(27,684)	-0-	(577,343)
(789,457)	(11,839)	-0-	(801,296)
<u>\$(1,918,870</u>)	<u>\$ (93,062)</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$(2,011,932</u>)
\$ 2,922,301	<u>\$ (93,062)</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ 2,829,239
<u>\$ 2,949,768</u>	<u>\$ (93,062</u>)	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 2,856,706</u>
	October 1, 2016 \$ 2,639,086 1,209,833 992,252 \$ 4,841,171 \$ (579,754) (549,659) (789,457) \$(1,918,870) \$ 2,922,301	October 1, 2016 Additions \$ 2,639,086 -0 - 1,209,833 -0 - 992,252 -0 - \$ 4,841,171 \$ -0 - : \$ (579,754) \$ (579,754) \$ (53,539) (549,659) (27,684) (789,457) (11,839) \$ (1,918,870) \$ (93,062) \$ 2,922,301 \$ (93,062)	October 1, 2016 Additions Deductions \$ 2,639,086 \$ $-0-$ \$ $-0-$ 1,209,833 $-0 -0-$ 992,252 $-0 -0-$ \$ 4,841,171 \$ $-0-$ \$ $-0-$ \$ 4,841,171 \$ $-0-$ \$ $-0-$ \$ (579,754) \$ (53,539) \$ $-0-$ \$ (579,754) \$ (53,539) \$ $-0-$ \$ (579,754) \$ (53,539) \$ $-0-$ \$ (579,754) \$ (53,539) \$ $-0-$ \$ (579,754) \$ (53,539) \$ $-0-$ \$ (1,918,870) \$ (93,062) \$ $-0-$ \$ (1,918,870) \$ (93,062) \$ $-0-$ \$ 2,922,301 \$ (93,062) \$ $-0-$

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities:	
Public Safety	\$ 11,762
General	3,336
Cemetery	298
Park	112
Street	17,247
Total Depreciation Expense	
For Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 32,755</u>
Pusiness Type Activities:	
Business-Type Activities:	ф <i>5 с</i> 022
Water	\$ 56,033
Sewer	37,029
Total Depreciation	
For Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 93,062</u>

4. BONDS PAYABLE

The City has issued two revenue bonds for a variety of purposes including capital projects financing.

The following is a summary of bond transactions of the reporting entity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017:

	S	aterworks and Sewerage System Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	Ref	erworks and Sewerage System Funding and provement renue Bonds	Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue <u>Bonds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Bonds Payable at October 1, 2016 Bonds Issued Less Bond Payments Bonds Payable at September 30, 2017	\$	378,104 -0- (7,256) 370,848	\$ 	105,390 -0- (2,025) 103,365	\$ 319,517 -0- <u>(6,667</u>) \$ 312,850	\$ 803,011 -0- (15,948) 787,063

Missouri statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a city can issue to a percentage of the total assessed valuation of taxable property located within that city's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the City is \$419,494 at September 30, 2017.

Business-Type Activities

Revenue Bonds at September 30, 2017 are comprised of the following issue:

Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bond (Build America Bond) Series A United States Department of Agriculture, interest at 4.0 percent, monthly payments of \$1,854 beginning December 1, 2012 through April 1, 2045.

<u>\$370,848</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds including interest are:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 7,551	\$ 14,697	\$ 22,248
2019	7,859	14,389	22,248
2020	8,179	14,069	22,248
2021	8,512	13,736	22,248
2022	8,859	13,389	22,248
2023-2027	50,014	61,226	111,240
2028-2032	61,068	50,172	111,240
2033-2037	74,563	36,677	111,240
2038-2042	91,041	20,199	111,240
2043-2045	53,202	2,812	56,014
	<u>\$370,848</u>	<u>\$241,366</u>	<u>\$612,214</u>

The City is required to establish a Debt Service Reserve account for the revenue bonds with monthly deposits of \$186 until the balance reaches \$22,320. The balance of this account at September 30, 2017 totaled \$19,357.

Once the Debt Service Reserve is fully funded, the City is required to establish a Replacement and Extension Reserve account. This account is to be funded monthly with \$238 per month and continue for the life of the loan.

The City is also required to establish a Short Lived Asset Reserve account. This account is to be funded with \$917 per month and continue for the life of the loan. The balance of this account at September 30, 2017 totaled \$74,512.

Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bond Series B -United States Department of Agriculture, interest at 4.0 percent, monthly payments of \$517 beginning December 1, 2012 through November 1, 2045.

<u>\$103,365</u>

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 2,108	\$ 4,096	\$ 6,204
2019	2,194	4,010	6,204
2020	2,283	3,921	6,204
2021	2,376	3,828	6,204
2022	2,473	3,731	6,204
2023-2027	13,960	17,060	31,020
2028-2032	17,045	13,975	31,020
2033-2037	20,812	10,208	31,020
2038-2042	25,412	5,608	31,020
2043-2045	14,702	769	15,471
	<u>\$103,365</u>	<u>\$ 67,206</u>	<u>\$170,571</u>

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds including interest are:

The City is required to establish a Debt Service Reserve account for the revenue bonds with monthly deposits of \$52 until the balance reaches \$6,240. The balance of this account at September 30, 2017 totaled \$6,510.

Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bond Series C -United States Department of Agriculture, interest at 2.5 percent, monthly payments of \$1,215 beginning December 13, 2015 through July 13, 2048. Interest only payments shall be made monthly of \$678 December 13, 2012 through November 13, 2015.

<u>\$312,850</u>

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds including interest are:

Year Ending			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 6,835	\$ 7,745	\$ 14,580
2019	7,008	7,572	14,580
2020	7,185	7,395	14,580
2021	7,376	7,213	14,589
2022	7,553	7,027	14,580
2023-2027	40,730	32,170	72,900
2028-2032	46,148	26,752	72,900
2033-2037	52,287	20,613	72,900
2038-2042	59,241	13,659	72,900
2043-2047	67,121	5,779	72,900
2048	11,366	125	11,491
	<u>\$312,850</u>	<u>\$136,050</u>	<u>\$448,900</u>

The City is required to establish a Debt Service Reserve account for the revenue bonds with monthly deposits of \$122 until the balance reaches \$14,640. The balance of this account at September 30, 2017 totaled \$5,662.

Interest expense on long-term debt was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$14,992
Sewer	12,092
Total	<u>\$27,084</u>

5. <u>PENSION PLAN - LAGERS</u>

Summary of Significant Accounting Polices

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. Had the City prepared their financial statements in accordance with GAAP, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) would be recognized when paid in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Division

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits provided. LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 and receive a reduced allowance.

	February 28, 2017 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier:	1% for life
Final Average Salary:	5 Years
Member Contributions:	4%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	3

Contributions. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer contribute 4% of their gross pay to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 4.6% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The employer's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2017.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the February 28, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation
Salary Increase	3.25% to 6.55%, including wage inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through February 28, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	43.00%	5.29%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.93%
Real Assets	21.00%	3.31%
Strategic Assets	10.00%	5.73%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net	Net Pension	
					Liability		
	(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balance at 6/30/2016	\$	60,571	\$	40,163	\$	20,408	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		4,172		-		4,172	
Interest		4,434		-		4,434	
Difference between expected and actual experience		2,107		-		2,107	
Contributions - employer		-		2,979		(2,979)	
Contributions - employee		-		2,567		(2,567)	
Net investment income		-		4,768		(4,768)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,924)		(1,924)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(506)		506	
Other changes		(619)		377		(996)	
Net Changes	\$	8,170	\$	8,261	\$	(91)	
Balance at 6/30/2017	\$	68,741	\$	48,424	\$	20,317	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

Current Single Discount			
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase	
6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
\$ 31,681	\$ 20,317	\$11,189	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended 2017 the employer recognized pension expense of \$4,405. Had the City prepared their financial statements in accordance with GAAP, the employer would have reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows		Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences in experience	\$	1,736	\$	(254)
Differences in assumptions		2,159		(510)
Excess (deficit) investment returns		817		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		680		-
Total	\$	5,392	\$	(764)

*The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending 2018.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended:	
2018	\$1,953
2019	1,272
2020	916
2021	309
2022	178
Thereafter	-0-
Total	<u>\$4,628</u>

Police Division

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement system (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multi-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

B. Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 55 with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 50 and receive a reduced allowance.

	February 28, 2017 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier:	1.0% for Life
Final Average Salary:	5 Years
Member Contributions:	4%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits0Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits0Active employees1

D. <u>Contributions</u>

The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer contribute 4% of their gross pay to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 4.2% of annual covered payroll.

E. <u>Net Pension Liability</u>

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2017.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25% wage inflation; 2.50% price inflation
Salary increase	3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through February 28, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity	43.00%	5.29%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.93%
Real Assets	21.00%	3.31%
Strategic Assets	10.00%	5.73%

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these

assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary No				Net Pension		
	Liabilit	y Ne	et Position	L	iability		
	(a)	(a) (b)		(a) - (b)			
Balance at 6/30/2016	\$ 31,	\$ 31,590 \$		\$	2,158		
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost	1,	584	-		1,584		
Interest	2,	298	-		2,298		
Difference between expected and actual experience	(3,	166)	-		(3,166)		
Contributions - employer		-	339		(339)		
Contributions - employee		-	319		(319)		
Net investment income		-	6,135		(6,135)		
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,	364)	(1,364)		-		
Administrative expense		-	(169)		(169)		
Other changes		<u> </u>	2,591		(2,591)		
Net Changes	\$ (<u>648</u>) <u>\$</u>	7,851	\$	(8,499)		
Balance at 6/30/2017	\$ 30,	942 \$	37,283	\$	(6,341)		

H. <u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25%) or 1% higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	Current Single Discount	
1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
\$(2,103)	\$ (6,341)	\$(9,772)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the employer recognized pension expense of \$(971). Had the City prepared their financial statements in accordance with GAAP, the employer would have reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		D	eferred
	Outflows		I	nflows
	of Resources		of R	lesources
Differences in experience	\$	1,333	\$	(2,144)
Differences in assumptions		702		-
Excess (deficit) investment returns		-		(1,305)
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		303		-
Total	\$	2,338	\$	(3,449)

*The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended:	
2018	\$ 386
2019	(353)
2020	(356)
2021	(788)
2022	-0-
Thereafter	-0-
Total	<u>\$(1,111</u>)

6. <u>COMPONENTS OF RESTRICTED ASSETS</u>

The Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bond – Series B, Taxable Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds – Series A, and Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Bonds – Series C requires that the City establish Debt Service Funds and a Capital Projects Fund. At September 30, 2017, account balances totaled \$205,951. USDA requires that the City establish Capital Projects for sewer grinder repairs. They also require a separate capital project fund to account for money provided by USDA for capital projects. In addition, there are two meter deposit accounts. At September 30, 2017, the account balances totaled \$147,133.

7. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The City is exposed to risks of loss through claims on property owned, damage to property owned, official and employee liability, workers' compensation claims, and risk of loss of employee or individual injury. The City handles these risks of loss through the purchase of commercial insurance policies. No significant reduction in insurance coverage occurred during the year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The City is insured under a retrospectively-rated policy for workers' compensation coverage. The initial premium may be adjusted based on actual experience.

Adjustments in premiums are recorded when paid or received. During the year ended September 30, 2017, there were no significant adjustments in premiums based on actual experience.

8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of the amounts transferred from and to other funds:

	Transferred	Transferred
	From	То
General Fund	\$ 3,250	\$ -0-
Water Fund	7,971	-0-
Sewer Fund	-0-	11,221
Total	<u>\$ 11,221</u>	<u>\$ 11,221</u>

The Water Fund and General Fund transferred funds to the Sewer Fund that represent reimbursement of expenditures paid by the Sewer Fund.

9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/from other funds" include miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds.

The following is a summary of the amounts due from and to other funds:

	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$ 846	\$ -0-
Water Fund	-0-	423
Sewer Fund	-0-	423
Total	<u>\$ 846</u>	<u>\$ 846</u>

10. COMMITMENT

In July 2017, the City awarded a contract in the amount of \$11,785 to overlay Cemetery and Sycamore Road. Nothing has been spent on this project as of September 30, 2017. The project is expected to be completed during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

11. <u>RELATED PARTIES</u>

One of the City employees is married to a city alderman. This same employee is also a son-in-law to another city alderman. This employee was paid \$22,685 in wages for the year ending September 30, 2017.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Budgeted Amounts Favorable Original Anended Attual (Untworable) Taxes \$ 41,188 \$ 130,975 \$ (10,213) Licenses and Permits 4,425 4,925 3,814 (1,111) Fines and Coxis 5,815 3,812 3,217 TOTAL REVENUES EXPENDITURES PADD: Experiment: 5,900 \$ 900 \$ 8,855 10,155 (1,470) Insurace 8,685 8,685 10,155 (1,470) 3,211 1,429 Profesi		Pudgata	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		U		Actual		
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Taxes & S & 141,188 & S & 140,188 & S & 100,75 & S & (10,213) \\ Licenses and Permits & 4,025 & 3,814 & (1,111) \\ Fines and Costs & 5,815 & 10,663 & 4,848 \\ Interest & 16 & 16 & 992 & 576 \\ Charges for Services & 10,000 & 10,000 & 12,675 & 2,375 \\ Grant Revenue & 5,000 & 5,000 & 18,279 & 13,279 \\ Donations & 500 & 5000 & 4566 & (44) \\ Other & 1,600 & 1,600 & 4,817 & 3,217 \\ \hline TOTAL REVENUES & 109,344 & S & 182,271 & S & 12,927 \\ \hline EXPENDITURES PADD: & TOTAL REVENUES & 109,344 & S & 182,271 & S & 12,927 \\ \hline Ceneral Government: & S & 500 & 500 & 398 & 102 \\ Insurance & 8,685 & 8,685 & 10,155 & (1,470) \\ Miscellaneous & 2,625 & 2,625 & 4451 & 2,174 \\ Office Supplies and Postage & 4,750 & 3,321 & 1,429 \\ Professional Services & 7,900 & 7,900 & 8,115 & (215) \\ Repairs and Maintenance & 750 & 750 & 3,231 & 1,429 \\ Supries & 10,205 & 4,300 & 4,164 & 136 \\ Supplies & 2,205 & 2,205 & 580 & 1,670 \\ Telephone & 1,900 & 1,900 & 1,813 & 87 \\ Utilities & 2,200 & 2,000 & 3,248 & 96 \\ Supplies & 7,539 & 7,539 & 9,632 & (2,033) \\ Stareet: & Capital Outlay & S & 10,500 & S & - S & 10,500 \\ Telephone & 1,900 & 1,900 & 1,813 & 87 \\ Utilities & 2,200 & 2,000 & 3,348 & 57,2370 & S & 7,491 \\ \\ Street: & Capital Outlay & S & 10,500 & S & - S & 10,500 \\ Takeneous & - 3,3161 & - 37,161 & - 37,161 \\ Supplies & 150 & 150 & 1,779 & (1,647) \\ Subaries and Payrol Taxes & 7,539 & 7,539 & 9,632 & (2,033) \\ Utilities & 52 & 52 & 52 & 52 & 52 \\ Total General Government & S & 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 3,350 & 3,350 & 3,254 & 96 \\ Miscellaneous & - 2,228 & 2,228 \\ Centerety: & Capital Outlay & S & 200$	REVENUES RECEIVED.	Oliginai	Amended	Actual	(Ulliavorable)	
Licenses and Permits 4.925 4.925 3.814 (1.11) Fines and Costs 16 16 592 576 Charges for Services 10.300 10.300 12.675 2.375 Charges for Services 10.300 5000 58.000 18.279 13.279 Donations 500 500 4.817 3.217 Other 1.600 -4.817 3.217 TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED \$ 169.344 \$ 182.271 \$ 12.927 EXPENDITURES PAID: General Government: Bonds Surety \$ 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8.685 8.685 10.155 (1.470) Miscellaneous 2.625 2.625 4.51 2.174 Professional Services 7.900 7.900 3.321 1.429 Professional Services 7.900 7.900 3.321 1.429 Professional Services 7.900 7.900 3.321 1.429 Professional Services 7.900		\$ 141.188	\$ 141 188	\$ 130.975	\$ (10.213)	
Fines and Costs 5,815 5,815 10,663 4,848 Interest 16 16 592 576 Charges for Services 10,300 12,675 2,375 Grant Revenue 5,000 5,000 45.66 (44) Other					,	
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						
Domations 500 500 436 (44) Other 1.600 1.600 4.817 3.217 TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED \$ 169.344 \$ 169.344 \$ 182.271 \$ 12.927 EXPENDITURES PAID: General Government: Bonds Surety \$ 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Capital Outlay 350	-					
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TOTAL REVENUES RECEIVED S 169,344 S 182,271 S 12.927 EXPENDITURES PAID: General Government: Bonds Surety S 900 S 900 S 870 S 30 Capital Outlay 350 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8.685 8.685 10,155 (1.470) Miscellaneous 2.625 2.625 4.51 2.174 Office Supplies and Postage 4.750 4.750 3.321 1.429 Professional Services 7.900 7.50 2.53 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 46.643 42.951 39.003 3.948 Street Lighting 4.300 4.4.00 4.64 136 Supplies 2.250 5.80 1.670 Telephone 1.900 1.900 1.813 87 Utilities 2.000 2.000 3.247 (1.247) Total General Government \$ 83.553 \$ 79.861 \$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
RECEIVED \$ 169,344 \$ 169,344 \$ 182,271 \$ 12,927 EXPENDITURES PAID: General Government: Bonds Surety \$ 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Capital Outlay 350 350 - 350 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8.685 8.685 10,155 (1,470) Miscellaneous 2.625 2.625 451 2.174 Office Supplies and Postage 4.750 4.750 3.321 1.429 Professional Services 7.900 7.900 8.115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 2.53 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 46,643 42,951 39,003 3.948 Street Lighting 2.200 2.250 580 1.670 1.614 136 Supplies 2.200 2.250 580 1.670 1.813 87 Utilities 2.000 3.344 4 30 4.300 4.164 136 Sup	Ouler	1,000	1,000	4,017	5,217	
RECEIVED \$ 169,344 \$ 169,344 \$ 182,271 \$ 12,927 EXPENDITURES PAID: General Government: Bonds Surety \$ 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Capital Outlay 350 350 - 350 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8.685 8.685 10,155 (1,470) Miscellaneous 2.625 2.625 451 2.174 Office Supplies and Postage 4.750 4.750 3.321 1.429 Professional Services 7.900 7.900 8.115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 2.53 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 46,643 42,951 39,003 3.948 Street Lighting 2.200 2.250 580 1.670 1.614 136 Supplies 2.200 2.250 580 1.670 1.813 87 Utilities 2.000 3.344 4 30 4.300 4.164 136 Sup	TOTAL DEVENIUES					
EXPENDITURES PAID: General Government: Bonds Surety \$ 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Capital Outay 350 350 - 350 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 388 102 Insurance 8.685 8.685 10.155 (1.470) Miscellaneous 2.625 2.625 4.61 2.174 Office Supplies and Postage 4.750 4.750 3.321 1.429 Professional Services 7.900 7.900 8.115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 750 253 497 Sureet Lighting 4.300 4.300 4.164 136 Supplies 2.250 2.250 580 1.670 Telephone 1.900 1.900 1.813 87 Utilities 2.000 3.247 (1.247) Total General Government \$ 83.553 \$ 79.861 \$ 72.370 \$ 7.491 Street: Capital Outay \$ 10.500		\$ 169.344	\$ 169.344	\$ 182.271	\$ 12.927	
General Government: S 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Capital Outlay 350 350 - 350 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8.685 8.685 10,155 (1,470) Miscellaneous 2.625 2.625 451 2.174 Office Supplies and Postage 4.750 4.750 3.321 1.429 Porfessional Services 7.900 7.910 8.115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 7.50 7.53 3.9003 3.948 Street Lighting 4.300 4.300 4.164 136 Supplies 2.250 2.250 5.80 1.670 Telephone 1.900 1.900 1.813 87 Utilities	RECEIVED	<u>\$ 109,344</u>	\$ 109,344	φ 102,271	\$ 12,927	
General Government: S 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Capital Outlay 350 350 - 350 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8.685 8.685 10,155 (1,470) Miscellaneous 2.625 2.625 451 2.174 Office Supplies and Postage 4.750 4.750 3.321 1.429 Porfessional Services 7.900 7.910 8.115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 7.50 7.53 3.9003 3.948 Street Lighting 4.300 4.300 4.164 136 Supplies 2.250 2.250 5.80 1.670 Telephone 1.900 1.900 1.813 87 Utilities	EXPENDITURES PAID:					
Bonds Surety \$ 900 \$ 900 \$ 870 \$ 30 Capital Outlay 350 350 - 350 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8,685 8,685 10,155 (1,470) Miscellaneous 2,625 2,625 451 2,174 Office Supplies and Postage 7,500 7,900 8,115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 750 253 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 46,643 42,951 39,003 3,948 Street Lighting 4,300 4,300 4,164 136 Supplies 2,200 2,200 3,247 (1,247) Total General Government \$ 8,3553 \$ 79,861 \$ 72,370 \$ 7,491 Street: Capital Outlay \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 10,500 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 50 550 117 433 Insurance 3,350 3,350 3,254 96 Miscellaneous - 37,161 - 37,161						
$\begin{array}{c cccccc} Capital Outlay & 350 & 350 & - & 350 \\ Casoline, Fuel, and Oil & 500 & 500 & 398 & 102 \\ Insurance & 8.685 & 8.685 & 10.155 & (1.470) \\ Miscellaneous & 2,625 & 2,625 & 451 & 2,174 \\ Office Supplies and Postage & 4,750 & 4,750 & 3,321 & 1,429 \\ Professional Services & 7.900 & 7.900 & 8.115 & (212) \\ Repairs and Maintenance & 750 & 750 & 253 & 497 \\ Salaries and Payroll Taxes & 46,643 & 42,951 & 39,003 & 3,948 \\ Street Lighting & 4,300 & 4,300 & 4,164 & 136 \\ Supplies & 2,250 & 2,250 & 580 & 1.670 \\ Telephone & 1,900 & 1,900 & 1,813 & 87 \\ Utilities & 2,000 & 2,000 & 3.247 & (1.247) \\ Total General Government & $$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$		0.00 \$	\$ 900	\$ 870	\$ 30	
Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 500 500 398 102 Insurance 8,685 5,00 398 102 Insurance 2,625 2,625 4,750 3,321 1,470 Miscellaneous 2,625 2,625 4,750 3,321 1,429 Professional Services 7,900 7,900 8,115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 750 2253 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 46,643 42,951 39,003 3,948 Street Lighting 4,300 4,300 4,164 136 Supplies 2,250 2,250 580 1,670 Total General Government \$ 83,553 \$ 72,370 \$ 7,491 Street: Capital Outlay \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 10,500 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 550 550 117 433 Insurance 3,350 3,350 3,254 96 Miscellaneous - 37,161 - 37,161 Supplies 150 150 1,759 (1,609) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>\$ 870</td><td></td></t<>				\$ 870		
Insurance $8,685$ $8,685$ $10,155$ $(1,470)$ Miscellaneous $2,625$ $2,625$ 451 $2,174$ Office Supplies and Postage $4,750$ $4,750$ $3,321$ $1,429$ Professional Services $7,900$ $7,900$ $8,115$ (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 253 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $46,643$ $42,951$ $39,003$ $3,948$ Street Lighting $4,300$ $4,300$ $4,164$ 136 Supplies $2,250$ $2,800$ $3,247$ $(1,247)$ Total General Government \$ \$ 83,553 \$ $79,861$ \$ $72,370$ \$ $7,491$ Street: Capital Outlay \$ $10,500$ \$ $10,500$ \$ $10,500$ \$ $7,2370$ \$ $7,491$ Street: Capital Outlay \$ $10,500$ \$ $10,500$ \$ $7,53$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>308</td><td></td></t<>				308		
Miscellaneous $2,625$ $2,625$ $4,51$ $2,174$ Office Supplies and Postage $4,750$ $4,750$ $3,321$ $1,429$ Professional Services $7,900$ $7,900$ $8,115$ (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 750 253 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $46,643$ $42,951$ $39,003$ $3,948$ Street Lighting $4,300$ $4,164$ 136 Supplies $2,250$ $2,250$ 580 $1,670$ Telephone $1,900$ $1,900$ $1,813$ 87 Utilities $2,000$ $2,000$ $3,247$ $(1,247)$ Total General Government \$\$ $83,553$ \$\$ $79,861$ \$\$ $72,370$ \$\$ $7,491$ Street: Capital Outlay \$\$ $10,500$ \$\$ - \$\$ $10,500$ \$ - \$\$ $10,500$ \$ - \$\$ $10,500$ \$ - \$\$ $7,491$ Street: Capital Outlay \$\$ $10,500$ \$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>						
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Professional Services 7,900 7,900 8,115 (215) Repairs and Maintenance 750 750 253 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 46,643 42,951 39,003 3,948 Street Lighting 4,300 4,300 4,164 136 Supplies 2,250 2,250 580 1,670 Telephone 1,900 1,900 1,813 87 Utilities 2,000 2,000 3,247 (1,247) Total General Government \$ 83,553 \$ 72,370 \$ 7,491 Street: Capital Outlay \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 550 550 117 433 Insurance 3,350 3,350 3,254 96 Miscellaneous - 37,161 - 37,161 Supplies 150 150 1759 (1,609) Repairs and Maintenance 8,500 8,500 12,979 (4,479) Salaries and Payroll Taxes 7,539 7,632 2,000 3,818 82						
Repairs and Maintenance 750 750 253 497 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 46,643 42,951 39,003 3,948 Street Lighting 4,300 4,300 4,164 136 Supplies 2,250 2,250 580 1,670 Telephone 1,900 1,900 1,813 87 Utilities 2,000 2,000 3,247 (1,247) Total General Government \$ 83,553 \$ 79,861 \$ 72,370 \$ 7,491 Street: Capital Outlay \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 10,500 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 550 550 117 433 Insurance 3,350 3,350 3,254 96 96 Miscellaneous - 37,161 - 37,161 Supplies 150 150 1,759 (1,609) Repairs and Maintenance 8,500 8,500 12,979 (4,479) Salaries and Payroll Taxes 7,539 7,539 9,632 (2,003) Utilities 52 52 52 - -						
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Utilities $2,000$ $3,247$ $(1,247)$ Total General Government \$ 83,553 \$ 79,861 \$ 72,370 \$ 7,491 Street: Capital Oulay \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 10,500 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 550 550 117 433 Insurance 3,350 3,350 3,254 96 Miscellaneous - 37,161 - 37,161 Supplies 150 150 1,759 (1,609) Repairs and Maintenance 8,500 8,500 12,979 (4,479) Salaries and Payroll Taxes 7,539 9,632 (2,093) Utilities Utilities 52 52 52 - - Street Lighting 3,900 3,900 3,818 82 Total Street \$ 34,541 \$ 71,702 \$ 31,611 \$ 40,091 Cemetery: Capital Outlay \$ 200 \$ 200 \$ - \$ 200 Insurance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td>					,	
Total General Government§83,553§79,861§72,370§7,491Street: Capital Outlay Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil\$10,500\$-\$10,500Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil550550117433Insurance3,3503,3503,25496Miscellaneous-37,161-37,161Supplies1501501,759(1,609)Repairs and Maintenance8,5008,50012,979(4,479)Salaries and Payroll Taxes7,5397,5399,632(2,093)Utilities525252-Street Lighting3,9003,9003,81882Total Street\$34,541\$71,702\$Capital Outlay\$200\$-\$200Insurance625625479146Salaries and Payroll Taxes1,7081,7081,016692Miscellaneous-2,25822,256Utilities5252484						
Street: Capital Outlay \$ 10,500 \$ 10,500 \$ - \$ 10,500 Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 550 550 117 433 Insurance 3,350 3,350 3,254 96 Miscellaneous - 37,161 - 37,161 Supplies 150 150 1,759 (1,609) Repairs and Maintenance 8,500 8,500 12,979 (4,479) Salaries and Payroll Taxes 7,539 7,539 9,632 (2,093) Utilities 52 52 52 - - Street Lighting 3,900 3,900 3,818 82 Total Street \$ 34,541 \$ 71,702 \$ 31,611 \$ 40,091 Cemetery: Capital Outlay \$ 200 \$ - \$ 200 Insurance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 52 48 4 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Capital Outlay\$ 10,500\$ 10,500\$ -\$ 10,500Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 550 550 117 433 Insurance $3,350$ $3,350$ $3,254$ 96 Miscellaneous- $37,161$ - $37,161$ Supplies 150 150 $1,759$ $(1,609)$ Repairs and Maintenance $8,500$ $8,500$ $12,979$ $(4,479)$ Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ Utilities 52 52 52 $-$ Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street\$ 34,541\$ $71,702$ \$ $31,611$ \$ $40,091$ Cemetery:Capital Outlay\$ 200 \$ 200 \$ $-$ \$ 200 Insurance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $1,708$ $1,708$ $1,016$ 692 Miscellaneous $ 2,258$ 2 $2,256$ Utilities 52 52 52 48 4	Total General Government	<u>\$ 83,553</u>	\$ 79,861	\$ 72,370	\$ 7,491	
Capital Outlay\$ 10,500\$ 10,500\$ -\$ 10,500Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil 550 550 117 433 Insurance $3,350$ $3,350$ $3,254$ 96 Miscellaneous- $37,161$ - $37,161$ Supplies 150 150 $1,759$ $(1,609)$ Repairs and Maintenance $8,500$ $8,500$ $12,979$ $(4,479)$ Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ Utilities 52 52 52 $-$ Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street\$ 34,541\$ $71,702$ \$ $31,611$ \$ $40,091$ Cemetery:Capital Outlay\$ 200 \$ 200 \$ $-$ \$ 200 Insurance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $1,708$ $1,708$ $1,016$ 692 Miscellaneous $ 2,258$ 2 $2,256$ Utilities 52 52 52 48 4	Store etc.					
Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil550550117433Insurance $3,350$ $3,350$ $3,254$ 96Miscellaneous- $37,161$ - $37,161$ Supplies150150 $1,759$ $(1,609)$ Repairs and Maintenance $8,500$ $8,500$ $12,979$ $(4,479)$ Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ Utilities 52 52 52 52 $-$ Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street $$34,541$ $$71,702$ $$31,611$ $$40,091$ Cemetery:Capital Outlay $$200$ $$ 200 Insurance $1,200$ $1,200$ 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $1,708$ $1,708$ $1,016$ 692 Miscellaneous $ 2,258$ 2 $2,256$ Utilities 52 52 52 48 4		¢ 10.500	¢ 10.500	¢	¢ 10.500	
Insurance $3,350$ $3,350$ $3,254$ 96 Miscellaneous- $37,161$ - $37,161$ Supplies1501501,759 $(1,609)$ Repairs and Maintenance $8,500$ $8,500$ $12,979$ $(4,479)$ Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ Utilities 52 52 52 $-$ Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street $$34,541$ $$71,702$ $$31,611$ $$40,091$ Cemetery:Capital Outlay $$200$ $$ 200 Insurance $1,200$ $1,200$ 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $1,708$ $1,708$ $1,016$ 692 Miscellaneous $ 2,258$ 2 $2,256$ Utilities 52 52 52 48 4						
Miscellaneous- $37,161$ - $37,161$ Supplies1501501,759(1,609)Repairs and Maintenance $8,500$ $8,500$ $12,979$ (4,479)Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ (2,093)Utilities 52 52 52 52 $-$ Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street $$34,541$ $$71,702$ $$31,611$ $$40,091$ Cemetery:Capital Outlay $$200$ $$ 200 Insurance $1,200$ $1,200$ 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $1,708$ $1,708$ $1,016$ 692 Miscellaneous $ 2,258$ 2 $2,256$ Utilities 52 52 52 48 4						
Supplies1501501,759(1,609)Repairs and Maintenance $8,500$ $8,500$ $12,979$ $(4,479)$ Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ Utilities 52 52 52 $-$ Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street $$3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Cemetery: $$34,541$ $$71,702$ $$31,611$ $$40,091$ Cemetery: $$200$ $$200$ $$ 200 Insurance $1,200$ $1,200$ 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $1,708$ $1,708$ $1,016$ Miscellaneous $ 2,258$ 2 $2,256$ Utilities 52 52 $ 48$ 4						
Interpret in the pairs and Maintenance $8,500$ $8,500$ $12,979$ $(4,479)$ Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ Utilities 52 52 52 $-$ Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street $$34,541$ $$71,702$ $$31,611$ $$40,091$ Cemetery:Capital Outlay $$200$ $$ 200 Insurance $1,200$ $1,200$ 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes $1,708$ $1,708$ $1,016$ 692 Miscellaneous $ 2,258$ 2 $2,256$ Utilities 52 52 48 4						
Salaries and Payroll Taxes $7,539$ $7,539$ $7,539$ $9,632$ $(2,093)$ Utilities 52 52 52 -48 -4	**					
Utilities 52 51 52 48 4						
Street Lighting $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,900$ $3,818$ 82 Total Street \$ 34,541 \$ 71,702 \$ 31,611 \$ 40,091 Cemetery: Capital Outlay \$ 200 \$ 200 \$ - \$ 200 Insurance 1,200 1,200 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4					(2,093)	
Total Street \$ 34,541 \$ 71,702 \$ 31,611 \$ 40,091 Cemetery: Capital Outlay \$ 200 \$ - \$ 200 Insurance 1,200 1,200 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4					-	
Cemetery: \$ 200 \$ 200 \$ - \$ 200 Insurance 1,200 1,200 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4	0 0				-	
Capital Outlay \$ 200 \$ 200 \$ - \$ 200 Insurance 1,200 1,200 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4	Total Street	<u>\$ 34,541</u>	\$ 71,702	\$ 31,611	\$ 40,091	
Capital Outlay \$ 200 \$ 200 \$ - \$ 200 Insurance 1,200 1,200 974 226 Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4						
Insurance1,2001,200974226Repairs and Maintenance625625479146Salaries and Payroll Taxes1,7081,7081,016692Miscellaneous-2,25822,256Utilities5252484	-	ф с оо	ф с ос	¢	¢ 200	
Repairs and Maintenance 625 625 479 146 Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4	· ·					
Salaries and Payroll Taxes 1,708 1,708 1,016 692 Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4						
Miscellaneous - 2,258 2 2,256 Utilities 52 52 48 4						
Utilities 52 52 48 4	-					
\$ 3,785 \$ 6,043 \$ 2,519 \$ 3,524						
	Total Cemetery	\$ 3,785	\$ 6,043	\$ 2,519	\$ 3,524	

(Continued)

See Independent Auditors' Report.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Budgeted A	mount	s			Fin	iance with al Budget avorable
	(Original		mended		Actual		favorable)
Park:								
Capital Outlay	\$	200	\$	200	\$	-	\$	200
Insurance		1,425		1,425		1,212		213
Miscellaneous		100		100		-		100
Repairs and Maintenance		400		400		254		146
Salaries and Payroll Taxes		1,400		948		906		42
Utilities Total Park	\$	977	¢	977 4.050	¢	887	\$	90
Total Park	2	4,502	\$	4,050	\$	3,259	<u> </u>	791
Public Safety:								
Police:								
Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,793	\$	(7,793)
Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil		1,500		1,500		2,163		(663)
Insurance		9,042		9,042		8,007		1,035
Miscellaneous		75		75		724		(649)
Office Supplies and Postage		250		250		1,289		(1,039)
Professional Fees		1,000		1,000		2,128		(1,128)
Repairs and Maintenance		2,100		2,100		1,461		639
Salaries and Payroll Taxes		28,500		32,060		30,382		1,678
Telephone		1,750		1,750		2,793		(1,043)
Training		-		2,000		218		1,782
Uniforms	<u>_</u>	-	<i>•</i>	-		459	<u>_</u>	(459)
Total Police	\$	44,217	\$	49,777	\$	57,417	\$	(7,640)
Fire Department:								
Capital Outlay	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	7,550	\$	4,450
Gasoline, Fuel, and Oil		125		125		719		(594)
Insurance		5,750		5,750		5,370		380
Miscellaneous		1,560		20,472		1,180		19,292
Repairs and Maintenance		4,750		4,750		2,804		1,946
Salaries and Payroll Taxes		1,801		1,801		128		1,673
Supplies		2,500		2,500		646		1,854
Telephone		725		725		1,162		(437)
Utilities		1,950		1,950		1,969		(19)
Total Fire Department	<u>\$</u>	31,161	\$	50,073	\$	21,528	\$	28,545
Municipal Court:								
Salaries and Payroll Taxes	\$	1,495	\$	1,495	\$	-	\$	1,495
Supplies		50		50		-		50
Training		-		-		300		(300)
Total Municipal Court	\$	1,545	\$	1,545	\$	300	\$	1,245
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	\$	76,923	\$	101,395	\$	79,245	\$	22,150
	*		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>	100.001	<u>.</u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES PAID	\$	203,304	\$	263,051	\$	189,004	\$	74,047
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(33,960)	\$	(93,707)	\$	(6,733)	\$	86,974
	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>		.,,,	<u>.</u>	,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating Transfers In (Out)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,250)	\$	(3,250)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,250)	\$	(3,250)
EVCERS (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIUES								
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	¢	(22.050)	¢	(02 707)	¢	(0.002)	¢	02 72 4
AND OTHER SOURCES OVER	\$	(33,960)	\$	(93,707)	\$	(9,983)	\$	83,724
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES								
FUND BALANCE, October 1, 2016						111,527		
ELIND DALANCE Soutombox 20, 2017					¢	101 544		
FUND BALANCE, September 30, 2017					\$	101,544		

See Independent Auditors' Report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GENERAL DIVISION

June 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			
Total Pension Liability			
Service Costs	\$ 4,172	\$ 3,877	\$ 3,680
Interest on the Pension Liability	4,434	3,827	3,446
Changes of Benefit Terms	_	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience			
of the Total Pension Liability	2,107	(345)	(62)
Changes of Assumptions	(619)	3,305	-
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,924)	(1,909)	(1,898)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	8,170	8,755	5,166
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	60,571	51,816	46,650
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$68,741	\$60,571	\$ 51,816
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,979	\$ 3,070	\$ 2,740
Contributions - Employees	2,567	2,571	2,319
Net Investment Income	4,768	293	679
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(1,924)	(1,909)	(1,898)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(506)	(505)	(559)
Other (Net Transfers)	377	344	(28)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	8,261	3,864	3,253
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	40,163	36,299	33,046
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$48,424	\$40,163	\$ 36,299
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)	20,317	20,408	15,517
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total Pension Liability	70.44%	6.31%	70.05%
Covered Voluction Devroll	\$63,306	\$60,275	\$ 57,476
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$05,500	φ00,273	φ 57,470
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage			
of Covered Valuation Payroll	32.09%	33.86%	27.00%

Notes to the Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE DIVISION

June 30, 2017

		2017		2016		2015
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,						
Total Pension Liability						
Service Costs	\$	1,584	\$	2,103	\$	1,929
Interest on the Pension Liability		2,298		1,757		1,510
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience						
of the Total Pension Liability		(3,166)		2,965		(113)
Changes of Assumptions		-		1,562		-
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,364)		-		-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(648)		8,387		3,326
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		31,590		23,203		19,877
Total Pension Liability - Ending (A)	\$	30,942	\$	31,590	\$	23,203
	+		-	,-,-	+	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - Employer	\$	339	\$	1,119	\$	1,419
Contributions - Employees		319		879		984
Net Investment Income		6,135		(100)		482
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(1,364)		-		-
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(169)		(84)		(93)
Other (Net Transfers)		2,591		(45)		1,196
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		7,851		1,769		3,988
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		29,432		27,663		23,675
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (B)	\$	37,283	\$	29,432	\$	27,663
	-		-		-	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (A) - (B)		(6,341)		2,158		(4,460)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of the Total Pension Liability	1	20.49%	9	93.17%	1	19.22%
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	-	\$	26,786	\$	22,897
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage		NT/ A		0.060/		10 400/
of Covered Valuation Payroll		N/A		8.06%	-	19.48%

Notes to the Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	Actuarial		Contribution	Covered	Actual Contribution as a Percentage				
Ended	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Valuation	of Covered				
June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Valuation Payroll				
2017	\$ 3,624	\$ 3,624	\$ -	\$ 80,022	4.53%				
2016	3,716	3,716	-	77,422	4.80%				
2015	4,224	4,224	-	84,371	5.01%				
2014	3,756	3,756	-	72,798	5.16%				
2013	3,677	3,677	-	71,788	5.12%				
2012	3,803	3,803	-	77,170	4.93%				
2012	4,069	4,069	-	82,226	4.95%				
2011	3,351	3,351	-	73,867	4.54%				
2010	3,659	3,659		68,749	5.32%				
2008	4,235	4,235	-	80,755	5.24%				
Notes to Sched	lule:								
Valuation Dat	e:	February 28, 2017							
Notes		The roll-forward of	total pension liabil	lity from February 2	8, 2017 to				
		June 30, 2017 reflec	June 30, 2017 reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by						
		actual benefit paym	ents and administr	ative expenses.					
		o Determine Contribu							
Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding									
Amortization M	nortization Method: A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to								
		amortize the UAAL	-	•					
		(excluding the UAA							
		then this amount is		•	naining				
		initial amortization period or (ii) 15 years.							
Remaining Am	ortization Period:	Multiple bases from	15 to 20 years.						
Asset Valuation	n Method:	5-year smoothed market, 20% corridor							
Inflation:	nflation: 3.25% wage inflation; 2.5% price inflation								
Salary Increase	alary Increases: 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation								
Investment Rate	nvestment Rate of Return: 7.25%, net of investment expenses								
Retirement Age	Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of				of				
		eligibility condition							
Mortality:		The healthy retiree 1	mortality tables, fo	r post retirement mo	rtality,				
		were the RP-2014 H	Healthy Annuitant	mortality table for m	ales and				
		females. The disable	ed retiree mortality	tables, for post-retin	rement				
		mortality, were the	RP-2014 disabled	mortality table for m	ales and				
	females. The pre-retirement morality tables used were the RP-2014			RP-2014					
		employees mortality	table for males an	d females.					
		Both the post-retire	ment and pre-retire	ment tables were ad	justed for				
		mortality improvem	-						
		2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017.							
	Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by								
		applying the MP-20 described tables.	1	•	•				
Other Information: None									

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

EXHIBIT 5

CITY OF ST. MARY, MISSOURI

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

2017-001 Inadequate Segregation of Duties

Criteria:	The duties of receiving and handling cash and recording transactions should be separated for internal control purposes.
Condition:	There is a lack of segregation of duties over handling and recording receipts.
Context:	One employee is responsible for receiving, authorizing, handling, and recording funds received. During the year end September 30, 2017, the City received approximately \$401,000.
Effect:	City funds are exposed to a risk of loss or misuse.
Cause:	There are a limited number of employees at the City.
Recommendation:	We recommend that the City segregate duties over receipts to the extent possible to enhance internal controls.
View of Responsible Officials and Corrective	
Action Plan:	We understand the recommendation but believe we cannot adequately segregate these duties given the current number of employees available. If additional staff does become available, we will segregate these duties to the extent possible for receipts.